BIDERECTIONAL CONVERTER	
DIDENECTION	
GridAssist function	In case of overload the ECOmulti will import power from the grid to prevent system shutdown.
Maximum AC current feed-through	50 A
AC voltage	230 V 50 Hz single phase
Cont. output power at 25°C	3000 VA
Cont. output power at 25°C	2500 W
Cont. output power at 40°C	2200 W
Peak power	6000 W
Maximum efficiency	94%
Power factor range (when connected to the grid)	0,7 inductive to 0,7 capacitive (programmable)
Zero load power (W)	15 W
Zero load power in AES mode	10 W (island mode operation with AC output lowered to 200 V when load < 50 Watt)
Charge voltage 'absorption'	28,2 V
Charge voltage 'float'	26,7 V
Maximum charge current	70 A
Maximum battery depth of discharge (DoD)	80%
Auxiliary output	To connect additional loads once the battery has been fully charged: 16 A relay
Programmable relay	For monitoring, alarm or other purposes
VE.Bus communication port	For parallel and three phase operation, remote monitoring, remote control and system integration
General purpose communication port	Yes
Remote on-off	Yes
BAT	TERY
	Little and London Discounter to
Technology	Lithium Iron Phosphate
Nominal voltage	Lithium iron Phosphate 25,6 V
	·
Nominal voltage	25,6 V
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C OT	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com Android and iPhone apps
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Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C Display Operating temperature Storage temperature	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com Android and iPhone apps -20 to + 40°C -40 to + 50°C
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C Display Operating temperature Storage temperature Protection category Humidity Warranty	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com Android and iPhone apps -20 to + 40°C -40 to + 50°C IP22 95% non condensing System: 5 years Battery: 3 years full warranty plus 7 years prorated warranty
Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C Display Operating temperature Storage temperature Protection category Humidity Warranty ENCL	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com Android and iPhone apps -20 to + 40°C -40 to + 50°C IP22 95% non condensing System: 5 years Battery: 3 years full warranty plus 7 years prorated warranty
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Nominal voltage Nominal energy at 25°C Nominal capacity at 25°C Nominal capacity at 0°C Nominal capacity at -20°C Battery Management System Cycle life, 80% DoD Cycle life, 70% DoD Cycle life, 50% DoD Max storage time at 25 °C Display Operating temperature Storage temperature Protection category Humidity Warranty ENCL	25,6 V 2,3 kWh 90 Ah 72 Ah 45 Ah Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature 2000 cycles 3000 cycles 5000 cycles 1 year HER Graphical display Graphical User Interface (GUI) Ethernet (standard) and Wifi (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data storage and graphical display on vrm.victronenergy.com Android and iPhone apps -20 to + 40°C -40 to + 50°C IP22 95% non condensing System: 5 years Battery: 3 years full warranty plus 7 years prorated warranty
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Victron Energy B.V. / De Paal 35 1351 JG Almere / The Netherlands

Phone: +31 (0)36 535 97 00 Fax: +31 (0)36 535 97 40 e-mail: sales@victronenergy.com









ECOmulti

A simple wall mounted energy storage solution



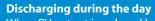
lighttime

During the night the **ECOmulti** is disconnected from the grid. The home is powered by energy stored in the battery. The **ECOmulti** will reconnect to the grid when the battery is discharged.



Battery charging

The next day, when the PV array produces sufficient power to supply the loads and to start charging the battery, the **ECOmulti** will regulate charge current to absorb nearly 100% of the surplus PV power.



When PV output is reduced by clouds or when a power hungry load is switched on, resulting in no surplus PV power available, battery charging will stop. Insufficient PV power will be supplemented by power from the **ECOmulti**. In case of overload power will be imported from the grid to supplement power from the **ECOmulti** (GridAssist function), and system shut down due to overload will be prevented.



Battery fully charged

Once the battery is fully charged, additional loads (for example the water heater) can be switched on, or surplus power will be exported to the grid.

End of the day



The **ECOmulti** disconnects from the grid about 10 minutes after PV power has become insufficient to provide any charge current. In order to prevent false disconnections due to lack of sun during the day, the inverter/charger also uses an internal timer to predict the end of the day.

UPS function

When the grid fails, the **ECOmulti** will continue to power the home.



ECOmulti

A simple wall mounted energy storage solution

Sizing the PV array

Sufficient energy must be harvested to recharge the battery and to power the home, even on a reasonably clear winter day.

At roughly 50 degrees latitude (Seattle, London, Amsterdam, Berlin, München) the two person energy conscious household will need a 2,5 kWp array. A four person household would need a 5 kWp array.

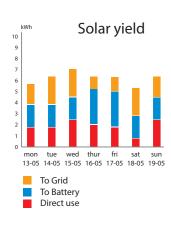
At roughly 30 to 40 degrees latitude (Los Angeles, Marseille, Sevilla) a 1 kWp resp. 2 kWp array will do.

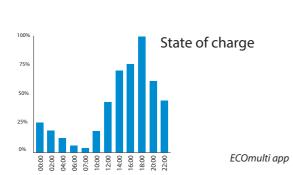
A larger PV array will increase feedback into the grid, but not substantially increase battery utilization and self sufficiency.

Increasing storage capacity More battery storage capacity will reduce feedback

into the grid and increase self sufficiency, especially during the summer season.

To increase self sufficiency during wintertime both the battery and the PV array have to be enlarged.







Why 2,3 kWh

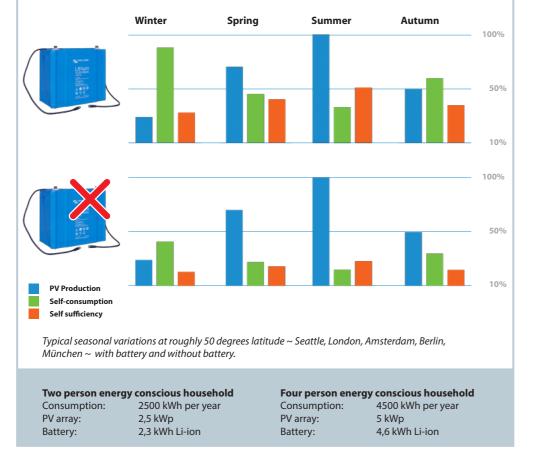
Whenever PV output exceeds consumption, storing excess output for later use will increase self-consumption.

Howeve

- PV harvest will fluctuate from season to season, from day to day and also within the day.
- Electricity consumption is likewise fluctuating: working days, weekends and holiday periods will all result in different consumption patterns.

A 2,3 kWh Li-ion battery is an efficient solution for a two person energy conscious household. Energy consumption from dusk to dawn will be 2 kWh or more, even when no energy hungry appliances like a dishwasher or clothes dryer are used. A fully charged 2,3 kWh battery will therefore be discharged before the sun starts shining again.

The average household with two children would fully utilize a 4,6 kWh Li-ion battery; one additional battery module.



A simple wall mounted energy storage solution

The **ECOmulti** can be wall mounted, is easy to install, easy to program and easy to operate.

Extremely flexible

- Energy storage can be increased by adding battery modules.
- AC power can be increased by paralleling **ECOmulti** modules.
- Three **ECOmulti** modules can be configured for three-phase operation.
- Two **ECOmulti** modules can be configured for split phase operation.

More self-consumption, more independence

With 2,3 kWh Li-ion storage capacity and a 3 kVA bidirectional inverter, the **ECOmulti** reduces dependence on power from the grid.

The growing interest in self-consumption is driven by increasing retail electricity prices and simultaneously decreasing feed in tariffs. Feed in tariffs are decreasing a. o. because it becomes increasingly difficult, and expensive, to ensure stability of the grid as more solar and wind power comes on line. Simultaneously, the retail price of electricity is increasing, to cover these same costs plus the cost to keep conventional power plants in hot standby to back-up renewable power generation in case the sun is not shining and/or the wind is not blowing.

